Begin Oct. 21 - 1959

30.24-9021

A77WX

(650) NIGHT LEAD EISENHOWER-SPACE

BY FRED S. HOFFMAN

WASHINGTON, OCT. 21 (AP)-PRESIDENT EISENHOWER DECIDED TODAY TO STRIP THE ARMY OF ITS ROCKET DEVELOPMENT TEAM AND TURN IT OVER TO THE CIVILIAN SPACE AGENCY. HE SAID THIS WOULD STRENGTHEN THE NATIONAL SPACE EFFORT.

"I HAVE CONCLUDED THAT THE ARMY BALLISTIC MISSILE AGENCY CAN BEST SERVE THE NATIONAL INTEREST AS AN INTEGRAL PART OF THE NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION," EISENHOWER ANNOUNCED FROM HIS VACATION HEADQUARTERS IN AUGUSTA, GA.

WHITE HOUSE PRESS SECRETARY JAMES C. HAGERTY TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE THE PRESIDENT WILL SEND CONGRESS IN JANUARY A REORGANIZATION PLAN TO PUT THE TRANSFER INTO EFFECT. THE PLAN WILL GO INTO FORCE AUTOMATICALLY 60 DAYS AFTER ITS SUBMISSION, UNLESS EITHER THE HOUSE OR SENATE VETOES IT.

EISENHOWER'S PROPOSAL IS CERTAIN TO TRIGGER ANOTHER BIG ARGUMENT ON CAPITOL HILL, WHERE THE ADMINISTRATION'S SPACE AND MISSILE PROGRAMS HAVE BEEN UNDER HEAVY DEMOCRATIC ATTACK IN THE PAST.

QUICK TO CRITICIZE THE PLAN WAS SEN. STUART SYMINGTON (D-MO), A FORMER SECRETARY OF THE AIR FORCE. HE SAID THE ARMY'S SPACE-MISSILE TEAM STARTED TO DISBAND WITH THE RESIGNATION OF MAJ. GEN. JOHN B. MEDARIS AS ARMY MISSILE CHIEF AND "MAY BE FURTHER ADVERSELY AFFECTED BY THIS LATEST TRANSFER DECISION."

"THAT IS PARTICULARLY UNFORTUNATE BECAUSE IT IS A FACT THAT WE ARE BEHIND IN THE LONG RANGE MISSILE RACE, AND FAR BEHIND IN THE SPACE FIELD," SYMINGTON SAID IN ANNOUNCING HE HAS ASKED THE SENATE SPACE AND ARMED SERVICES COMMITTEE TO INVESTIGATE.

HE HAS LONG BEEN CRITICAL OF ADMINISTRATION DEFENSE AND MISSILE POLICIES.

DR. WERNHER VON BRAUN, KEY GERMAN SCIENTIST IN THE ABMA, SAID AT HUNTSVILLE THAT ALL HE AND HIS COLLEAGUES WANT "IS THAT WE BE ALLOWED TO DEVOTE OURSELVES TO THIS COUNTRY'S SPACE EFFORTS."

HE SAID HE HAD BEEN ABLE TO WORK CLOSELY AND HARMONIOUSLY WITH NASA, WHICH HE CALLED A FINE ORGANIZATION, AND ADDED:

"WE LOOK FORWARD TO A CONTINUATION OF OUR EFFORTS WITH NASA IN A PROGRESSIVE SPACE PROGRAM WHICH WILL MAKE THIS NATION SECOND TO NONE."

MEDARIS DESCRIBED HIMSELF AS "BOTH PLEASED AND RELIEVED" BY EISENHOWER'S DECISION WHICH "WILL STABILIZE THE SITUATION AND THE MISSION" OF THE ABMA. PROVIDING ADEQUATE FINANCIAL SUPPORT IS GIVEN, HE SAID THE ABMA TEAM UNDER NASA "CAN MAKE A VITAL CONTRIBUTION TO THE NATION'S PROGRAM FOR THE PEACEFUL EXPLORATION OF OUTER SPACE."

HE REITERATED THAT HIS DECISION TO RETIRE WAS IN NO WAY CONNECTED WITH THE PENDING TRANSFER OF THE ABMA TO NASA.

SECRETARY OF THE ARMY WILBER M. BRUCKER SAID THE ARMY "WHOLEHEARTEDLY SUPPORTS THE DECISION" MADE BY EISENHOWER. NASA ADMINISTRATOR T. KEITH GLENNAN SAID HE BELIEVED EISENHOWER'S ACTION WAS IN THE BEST INTERESTS OF THE NATION.

BOTH BRUCKER AND GLENNAN SAT IN ON A WHITE HOUSE MEETING THIS MORNING AT WHICH THE PRESIDENT THRESHED OUT THE QUESTION WITH SOME OF HIS TOP ADVISERS, INCLUDING SECRETARY OF DEFENSE NEIL H. MCELROY.

THE WHITE HOUSE WITHHELD ANY WORD ON THE OUTCOME OF THAT CONFERENCE UNTIL AFTER THE PRESIDENT HAD FLOWN TO AUGUST.

IT WAS CLEAR THAT EISENHOWER'S DECISION MEANS THE CIVILIAN SPACE AGENCY WOULD TAKE OVER THE TEAM OF 2,300 SCIENTISTS AND TECHNICIANS AT HUNTSVILLE, ALA., AND THE WORK THEY HAVE BEEN DOING ON A GIANT NEW ROCKET CLUSTER INTENDED TO GENERATE 1 1/2 MILLION POUNDS OF THRUST. A ROCKET ENGINE OF THAT POWER WOULD BE BIGGER THAN ANYTHING THE RUSSIANS ARE BELIEVED TO HAVE SO FAR.

THE PRESIDENT SAID HE HAD DIRECTED THAT THE SUPERBOOSTER PROGRAM, CALLED PROJECT SATURN, BE VIGOROUSLY PRESSED FORWARD." PERFECTION OF SUCH A GIANT BOOSTER, CAPABLE OF HURLING HEAVY VEHICLES FAR INTO SPACE, IS BELIEVED YEARS AWAY.

ALONG WITH PERSISTENT RUMORS THAT THE ARMY BALLISTIC MISSILE AGENCY WAS TO BE SHIFTED TO NASA, WORD HAD BEEN PASSED THAT MONEY FOR PROJECT SATURN WAS BEING CUT DOWN.

IT WAS NOT CLEAR FROM EISENHOWER'S ANNOUNCEMENT WHAT WOULD BE THE FUTURE OF THE NIKE-ZEUS ANTI-MISSILE PROJECT, ANOTHER BIG JOB ASSIGNED UNTIL NOW TO THE ARMY AGENCY. THE ARMY HAS SPENT 875 MILLION DOLLARS ON THIS WORK IN THE PAST THREE YEARS.

HAGERTY HAD NO WORD ON THE NIKE-ZEUS PROJECT'S STATUS IN LIGHT OF THE SHIFT. BUT IN GENERAL HE INDICATED THE ARMY WOULD RETAIN CONTROL OF MISSILE DEVELOPMENT FOR PURELY MILITARY PURPOSES.

FOR NEARLY TWO-YEARS--SINCE RUSSIA LOFTED ITS FIRST SPUTNIK AND THE U. S. SPACE PROGRAM BECAME A CAUSE OF CONCERN--THE ARMY'S SPACE AND MISSILE AGENCY AT HUNTSVILLE HAS BEEN THE CENTER OF CONTROVERSY.

THE ARMY, AIR FORCE AND NAVY HAVE JOCKEYED FOR POSITION IN THE U. S. SPACE EFFORT, AND SOME ARMY ADVOCATES FOUGHT AGAINST WHAT THEY REGARDED AS A CAMPAIGN TO CUT THEIR SERVICE OUT.

THE CORE OF THE TEM AT HUNTSVILLE IS A GROUP OF ABOUT 110 GERMAN BORN SCIENTISTS WHO HELPED PIONEER NAZI MISSILES IN WORLD WAR II, AND CAME TO THE UNITED STATES AFTER THE WAR.

IN HIS STATEMENT, EISENHOWER PAID SPECIAL TRIBUTE TO THE ARMY TEAM, WHICH IS HEADED BY DR. WERNHER VON BRAUN.

"THE ARMY BALLISTIC MISSILE AGENCY TEAM HAS DEMONSTRATED ITS INTENSE DEDICATION. . . AND HAS SHOWN ITS HIGH TECHNICAL PROFICIENCY THROUGH SPLENDID ACCOMPLISHMENTS UNDER ARMY AGENCIES," THE PRESIDENT DECLARED.

"THE CONTEMPLATED TRANSFER PROVIDES NEW OPPORTUNITY FOR THEM TO CONTRIBUTE THEIR SPECIAL CAPABILITIES DIRECTLY TO THE EXPANDING CIVILIAN SPACE PROGRAM.

"AS PART OF THIS ACTION, THE DEVELOPMENT OF 'SUPER BOOSTER' SPECIAL VEHICLES WILL BE CONSOLIDATED IN THE AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION UNDER THE IMMEDIATE DIRECTION OF THIS TEAM. I HAVE DIRECTED THAT THIS PROGRAM BE VIGOROUSLY PRESSED FORWARD."

BOTH VON BRAUN AND MEDARIS IN RECENT DAYS HAVE BEEN PARTICULARLY OUTSPOKEN IN THEIR COMPLAINTS THAT THE U. S. SPACE PROGRAM IS BOGGING DOWN IN TOP LEVEL ARGUMENT, DEBATE AND CONSTANT REAPPRAISALS.

MEDARIS HAS ANNOUNCED HIS INTENTION TO STEP INTO CIVILIAN LIFE NEXT JAN. 31. HE HAS SAID, HOWEVER, THAT HIS RESIGNATION WAS NOT A PROTEST ACTION.

VAN BRAUN HINTED BROADLY YESTERDAY HE MIGHT QUIT IF THE SPACE PROGRAM IS NOT RUN AS HE FEELS IT SHOULD BE.

PRESS SECRETARY HAGERTY SAID IN RESPONSE TO QUESTIONS THAT MEDARIS' SITUATION WAS NOT DISCUSSED AT THE WHITE HOUSE MEETING.

WHEN ASKED WHETHER VON BRAUN'S FUTURE CAME UP, HAGERTY REPLIED HE FELT THAT QUESTION WAS ANSWERED BY EISENHOWER'S STATEMENT. THIS WAS AN ALLUSION TO EISENHOWER'S ASSERTION THAT TRANSFER OF THE ARMY AGENCY TO NASA PROVIDES NEW OPPORTUNITY FOR THE VON BRAUN-LED TEAM TO CONTRIBUTE TO THE SPACE PROGRAM.

ARMY SECRETARY BRUCKER'S STATEMENT SAID THE ARMY WAS SURE THE OPERATION DIVISION HEADED BY VON BRAUN "WILL TURN IN MANY MORE FIRSTS IN THE MISSILE AND SPACE AGE."

BRUCKER SAID THE ARMY WOULD COLLABORATE CLOSELY WITH NASA AND THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT TO WORK OUT DETAILS OF THE TRANSFER "WITHOUT LOSING A DAY IN OUR IMPORTANT NATIONAL SPACE EFFORT."

NASA CHIEF GLENNAN'S STATEMENT WELCOMED THE ARMY TEAM ABOARD, PRAISING IT FOR HAVING EARNED A WORLDWIDE REPUTATION FOR EXCELLENCE.

DURING THE PAST YEAR, GLENNAN SAID, ARMY CONTRIBUTIONS TO NASA SPACE PROGRAMS HAVE BEEN MARKED BY DEDICATED TEAMWORK AND CORDIAL RELATIONSHIPS.

"I LOOK FORWARD TO THIS NEW RELATIONSHIP WITH REAL ENTHUSIASM," HE SAID.

SYMINGTON, A MEMBER OF THE SENATE SPACE COMMITTEE, SAID:

"THE AARMY BALLISTIC MISSILES AGENCY AT HUNTSVILLE HAS THE FINEST DEVELOPMENT TEAM IN THE SPACE FIELD.

"THE WORKING RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE ARMY AND THE GROUP OF SCIENTISTS AT HUNTSVILLE UNDER DR. VON BRAUN IS UNIQUE. . .

"THE HUNTSVILLE THRUST PROGRAM IS THE ONLY PROGRAM WE HAVE THAT WILL EXCEED THE THRUST DEMONSTRATED BY THE RECENT SOVIET LUNAR SHOT.

"THERE IS ANOTHER PROGRAM IN NASA, BUT IT WILL NOT BE READY UNTIL THE LATE 1960S.

"THIS YEAR THIS HUNTSVILLE PROGRAM WAS CUT OVER 40 PER CENT. THE ONLY POSSIBLE SILVER LINING IS THAT NASA, THROUGH THE SPACE COUNCIL, MAY BE BETTER ABLE TO PREVENT FURTHER REDUCTIONS IN THE SATURN PROGRAM."

GG657PED

A101DT (MEDARIS)

WITH EISENHOWER-SPACE (380)

DETROIT, OCT. 21 (AP)-MAJ. GEN. JOHN B. MEDARIS, CHIEF OF THE ARMY ORDNANCE MISSILE COMMAND, DESCRIBED HIMSELF AS"BOTH PLEASED AND RELIEVED" BY PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S DECISION TO TRANSFER THE ARMY BALLISTIC MISSILE AGENCY TO THE CIVILIAN NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE AGENCY. (NASA)

THE DECISION, MEDARIS SAID, "WILL STABILIZE THE SITUATION AND THE MISSION OF THE GREAT DEVELOPMENT ORGANIZATION I HAVE HAD THE HONOR TO COMMAND SINCE ITS ACTIVATION FEB. 1, 1956."

"THIS TEAM . . . CAN, WITH ADEQUATE SUPPORT, MAKE A VITAL CONTRIBUTION TO THE NATION'S PROGRAM FOR THE PEACEFUL EXPLORATION OF OUTER SPACE," HE SAID IN A STATEMENT RELEASED AT A NEWS CONFERENCE.

MEDARIS SAID THE ARMY WOULD CONTINUE ITS OWN BALLISTIC MISSILE PROGRAM, WITH NASA TAKING OVER ALL OUTER SPACE PROGRAMS.

THE GENERAL SAID HE WAS LOOKING FORWARD TO DISCUSSIONS WITH DR. KEITH GLENNAN, NASA ADMINISTRATOR, ON UTILIZATION OF THE ARMY TEAM, AND ADDED:

"I AM CONFIDENT THAT WE WILL BE ABLE TO WORK OUT, WITH DR. GLENNAN, A THOROUGHLY DETAILED AND WELL ORGANIZED ARRANGEMENT WHICH WILL MEET WITH THE APPROVAL OF CONGRESS."

MEDARIS DENIED ANEW THAT TRANSFER OF THE ARMY'S OUTER SPACE MISSILE PROJECTS TO NASA HAD ANY BEARING WATEVER ON HIS DECISION TO RETIRE, AND EMPHASIZED THE DECISION WAS MADE LAST AUGUST "WHEN THERE WERE NO PROPOSALS ON THE TABLE."

HE OBJECTED TO A NEWSMAN'S SUGGESTION HE WAS RESIGNING, AND SAID HE WAS TAKING ADVANTAGE OF RETIREMENT TO WHICH HE HAD BEEN ELIGIBLE SEVEN YEARS. THE GENERAL SAID HE WAS 57 AND HAD 28 YEARS OF ACTIVE DUTY.

IN ANSWER TO A QUESTION, MEDARIS SAID HE WAS "QUITE SURE" RUSSIA IS NOT USING ATOMIC ENERGY "OR ANY FUEL WE'RE NOT FAMILIAR WITH" IN ITS ROCKETRY.

HE INSISTED THE UNITED STATES IS NOT BEHIND RUSSIA IN THE FIELD OF MILITARY MISSILES, BUT CONCEDED THE SOVIET UNION WAS CONSIDERABLE OUT FRONT IN SPACE MISSILE DEVELOPMENT.

MEDARIS SAID HE WAS "QUITE CONVINCED" THAT DR. WERNHER VON BRAUN, GERMAN BORN SCIENTIST IN CHARGE OF THE ARMY BALLISTIC TEAM AT REDSTONE ARSENAL, WOULD TRANSFER TO NASA AND WAS "QUITE SURE" THE SCIENTIST HAD NOT INTENDED TO INDICATE IN ANY PREVIOUS STATEMENTS HE MIGHT RESIGN IF TRANSFER WERE ORDERED.

AT HUNTSVILLE, ALA., VON BRAUN SAID IN A STATEMENT THAT "THE MAJOR CONCERN OF MY COLLEAGUES AND MYSELF IS THAT WE BE PERMITTED TO CONTINUE TO DEVOTE OURSELVES TO THIS COUNTRY'S SPACE EFFORTS.

HE ADDED:

"THE PRESIDENT HAS DECIDED THAT IT IS IN THE BEST INTEREST OF THE COUNTRY THAT OUR WORK BE CONTINUED WITHIN THE FRAMEWORK OF NASA. SINCE NASA'S ESTABLISHMENT A YEAR AGO, WE HAVE WORKED CLOSELY AND HARMONIOUSLY WITH THAT FINE ORGANIZATION.

"WE LOOK FORWARD TO A CONTINUATION OF OUR EFFORTS WITH NASA IN A PROGRESSIVE SPACE PROGRAM WHICH WILL MAKE THIS NATION SECOND TO NONE."

MEDARIS INSISTED THERE HAD BEEN "ONLY A FEW ISOLATED INSTANCES IN LIMITED AREAS" IN WHICH VARIOUS SERVICES HAD HELD BACK INFORMATION FROM OTHERS.

THE ARMY AND NAVY HAVE HAD FULL AND PROMPT EXCHANGE OF INFORMATION ON MISSILE WORK, BUT HE CONCEDED THE ARMY OR AIR FORCE MIGHT HAVE IN SOME INSTANCES HELD OUT ON A DEVELOPMENT "UNTIL IT HAD TRIED IT FIRST," BUT NO LONGER THAN THAT.

MEDARIS SAID AT ONE POINT, HOWEVER, THAT HE HAD FAVORED ANY PROGRAM THAT WOULD "ERASE CONFUSION AND RIVALRY AND THIS (TRANSFER ORDERED BY THE PRESIDENT) GOES A GOOD LONG WAY IN THAT DIRECTION."

PB742PES NM

A28WX

(620) PMS BUDGET

MEDARIS

EDITOR'S NOTE: BEM PRICE, AP SPECIALIST IN MILITARY AND SPACE AFFAIRS, INTERVIEWED MAJ. GEN. MEDARIS IN SEPTEMBER ON THE PROGRESS OF THE SATURN PROGRAM. HIS STORY, RELEASED IN OCTOBER, HAD REPERCUSSIONS IN HIGH PLACES. HERE HE ANALYZES WHAT LED UP TO MEDARIS' DECISION TO RESIGN.

BY BEM PRICE

WASHINGTON, OCT. 21 (AP)-MAJ. GEN. JOHN BRUCE MEDARIS, STEPPING DOWN AS ARMY MISSILE CHIEF AFTER FOUR YEARS OF ROCKET SUCCESSES AND POLITICAL DEFEATS, SAYS HE IS NOT QUITTING BECAUSE OF DISSATISFACTION WITH THE U.S. SPACE PROGRAM.

THE ANNOUNCEMENT THAT HE WILL RETIRE JAN. 31 CAME JUST SEVEN DAYS AFTER THE WHITE HOUSE REPORTEDLY TOLD HIM TO SHUT UP.

MEDARIS SAID, HOWEVER, HE HAD SUBMITTED HIS RESIGNATION MORE THAN 60 DAYS AGO. "THAT SHOULD MAKE IT PLAIN TO YOU," HE TOLD A NEW YORK NEWS CONFERENCE YESTERDAY, "THAT SOME PRESENT-DAY PROBLEMS WERE IN NO WAY CONNECTED WITH MY DECISION."

THE RESIGNATION, HE SAID, WAS "NOT A MATTER OF PROTEST OR PERSONAL DISSATISFACTION."

MEDARIS, 58, SAID HE HAD BEEN UNDER STRAIN FOR SEVEN YEARS AND WAS VERY TIRED. BUT HE CONCEDED THERE WAS SOME INTER-SERVICE TOP ECHELON "DICKERING, ARGUMENT AND DEBATE" OVER THE NATION'S SPACE PROGRAM.

HE ESTIMATED RUSSIA IS ABOUT FIVE YEARS AHEAD OF THE UNITED STATES IN SPACE AND "WE'D BETTER JUST GO LIKE HELL" TO CATCH UP.

EARLY IN SEPTEMBER MEDARIS RECEIVED WORD THAT HIS BIG MISSILE AND SPACE TEAM, THE ARMY BALLISTIC MISSILE AGENCY, MIGHT BE TRANSFERRED TO THE NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION (NASA).

THE TWO-STAR GENERAL ALREADY HAD RECEIVED WORD THAT HIS FUNDS FOR PROJECT SATURN, KEY TO THE U.S. BIG LEAP INTO SPACE, HAD BEEN CUT FROM 135 MILLION DOLLARS TO 70 MILLION.

SATURN IS THE CODE NAME FOR THE EFFORT TO DEVELOP A 1 1/2 MILLION POUND THRUST ROCKET ENGINE.

IN AN INTERVIEW AT HIS HEADQUARTERS IN HUNTSVILLE, ALA., SEPT. 16, MEDARIS APPEARED TOUCHY AND IRRITABLE. HE FINALLY ADMITTED HE WAS "MAD ENOUGH TO GO THROUGH THE ROOF." THE INTERVIEW WAS TO BE THE BASIS FOR A STORY ON SATURN DUE FOR OCTOBER RELEASE.

SHORTLY AFTER THIS INTERVIEW THE FACT THAT THE NIKE-ZEUS ANTI-MISSILE MISSILE PROGRAM WAS UNDERGOING A REEVALUATION BECAME PUBLIC.

A TEAM OF PENTAGON SCIENTISTS IS TO DECIDE BY APRIL 1 WHETHER TO CONTINUE THE ZEUS PROGRAM UPON WHICH THE ARMY HAS WORKED THREE YEARS AND SPENT 875 MILLION DOLLARS.

ON OCT. 12 THE MEDARIS INTERVIEW OF SEPT. 16 WAS PUBLISHED. MEDARIS WAS CRITICAL OF THE PROGRESS BEING MADE ON THE SATURN PROGRAM AND, INDEED, THE WHOLE U.S. SPACE PROGRAM.

"THE BASIC PROBLEM IS SIMPLE," HE SAID. "THERE MUST BE A POSITIVE DECISION. ARE WE OR ARE WE NOT GOING TO COMPETE WITH THE RUSSIANS? IF WE ARE THERE HAS TO BE A SOLID, WELL-FINANCED PROGRAM. RIGHT NOW WE ARE STRADDLING THE ISSUE."

ON OCT. 13 AN ARMY GENERAL, WHO CANNOT BE IDENTIFIED, REPORTED THAT "THE MEDARIS STORY HAS CERTAINLY RAISED HELL. THE WHITE HOUSE COMPLAINED TO GATES AND GATES COMPLAINED TO LEMNITZER AND LEMNITZER WAS TOLD TO TELL MEDARIS TO SHUT UP."

THE GENERAL WAS REFERRING TO ASST. SECRETARY OF DEFENSE THOMAS GATES AND GEN, LYMAN L. LEMNITZER, ARMY CHIEF OF STAFF.

THE GENERAL WOULD NOT SAY WHO IN THE WHITE HOUSE HAD MADE THE COMPLAINT.

EVER SINCE MEDARIS BECAME HEAD OF THE ARMY MISSILE EFFORT AT HUNTSVILLE HE HAS BEEN IN A RUNNING BATTLE WITH OTHER SERVICES AND THE PENTAGON.

HE HAS HAD TO FLY TO WASHINGTON ABOUT ONCE A WEEK TO CONSULT WITH CONSULTING COMMITTEES WHO CONSULT WITH EACH OTHER AND WHO ARE SUPPOSED TO ADVISE THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE ON MISSILES AND SPACE.

AFTER MEDARIS ASSUMED COMMAND OF THE MISSILE UNIT AT HUNTSVILLE, THE ARMY BECAME THE FIRST SERVICE OR AGENCY IN THE UNITED STATES:

(1) TO MAKE A DEEP PENETRATION INTO SPACE BY FIRING A JUPITER-C MISSILE TO AN ALTITUDE OF 683 MILES AND OVER A RANGE OF 3,300 MILES.

(2) TO FIRE AN INTERMEDIATE RANGE BALLISTIC MISSILE, THE JUPITER, OVER 1,500 MILES.

(3) TO DEMONSTRATE THAT THE RE-ENTRY HEATING PROBLEM OF MISSILES HAD BEEN SOLVED.

(4) TO PLACE THE NATION'S FIRST ARTIFICIAL SATELLITE, THE EXPLORER I, INTO ORBIT.

SINCE THOSE EARLY DAYS OF HIS COMMAND, HOWEVER, MEDARIS HAS SEEN THE ARMY STRIPPED OF THE JUPITER, WHICH WAS GIVEN TO THE AIR FORCE FOR OPERATION.

HE HAS SEEN THE MILITARY SPACE PROGRAM TURNED OVER TO THE AIR FORCE.

HE HAS SEEN THE EXISTENCE OF THE SO-CALLED GERMAN TEAM OF SCIENTISTS, HEADED BY WERNHER VON BRAUN, REPEATEDLY THREATENED WITH A BREAKUP OR ABSORPTION INTO OTHER AGENCIES.

WHAT REMAINS TO THE ARMY ARE PROJECT SATURN, DEVELOPMENT OF A SOLID FUELED TACTICAL MISSILE, THE PERSHING, AND THE ZEUS.

EH401AED

A99WX (RUSS ROCKETS & ATOMS)
T320) ADVANCE FOR 5:30 P.M. EST TODAY
KISTIAKOWSKY

(ADVANCE) WILMINGTON, DEL., OCT. 21 (AP)-PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S TOP SCIENCE AIDE SAID TONIGHT RUSSIA'S HUGE ROCKET ENGINES HAVE NOT GIVEN THE SOVIETS ANY MILITARY MISSILE ADVANTAGE.

MAKING THIS POINT IN A SPEECH PREPARED FOR THE DELAWARE SECTION OF THE AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY, DR. GEORGE B. KISTIAKOWSKY ADDED:

"THIS IS NOT TO SAY THAT WE DO NOT PLAN TO INCREASE OUR PAYLOADS AND EVENTUALLY UNDERTAKE EVEN MANNED EXPLORATION OF SPACE."

30.24- 9023

KISTIAKOWSKY, BORN IN KIEV, RUSSIA, WAS PROFESSOR OF CHEMISTRY AT HARVARD UNIVERSITY WHEN HE WAS SELECTED LAST MAY TO SUCCEED DR. JAMES R. KILLIAN JR. AS SPECIAL ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT FOR SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY.

KISTIAKOWSKY MADE THIS SPACE AGE COMPARISON OF THE UNITED STATES AND RUSSIA:

"AT THE PRESENT TIME THE SOVIETS HAVE AN ADVANTAGE IN THE WEIGHT OF THE PAYLOADS THEY ARE ABLE TO PLACE IN ORBIT OR IN OUTER SPACE. THIS WEIGHT ADVANTAGE STEMS FROM THEIR EARLIER DEVELOPMENT OF VERY LARGE ROCKET BOOSTERS NEEDED FOR THE INTERCONTINENTAL BALLISTIC MISSILE PROGRAM.

"BECAUSE OF THE UNITED STATES' RELATIVELY ADVANCED STATE OF NUCLEAR WARHEAD DEVELOPMENT, WE WERE ABLE TO DEVELOP AN EFFECTIVE ICBM, UTILIZING A SMALLER ROCKET BOOSTER.

"THERE IS THUS NO MILITARY ADVANTAGE ACCRUING TO THE U.S.S.R. IN THE FIELD OF LONG-RANGE BALLISTIC MISSILES BY VIRTUE OF HER LARGER ROCKET ENGINES, AND THE ACCURACY WITH WHICH SHE IS ABLE TO PLACE PAYLOADS IN SPACE IS CERTAINLY NO BETTER THAN MINIMAL REQUIREMENTS FOR ICBM'S.

"AS REGARDS OUTER SPACE ACCOMPLISHMENTS, WE MUST BE CAREFUL TO DISTINGUISH BETWEEN POUNDS AND PAYLOADS. IT IS THE DESIGN OF THE PAYLOAD IN TERMS OF OUR SCIENTIFIC OBJECTIVES THAT COUNTS.

"OUR PROGRAM HAS ALREADY MAJOR ACCOMPLISHMENTS . . . ACHIEVED BY HIGHLY SOPHISTICATED INSTRUMENTATION IN RELATIVELY SMALL PACKAGES."

HARKING BACK TO THE WAY AMERICANS WERE STARTLED BY THE FIRST RUSSIAN SATELLITE TWO YEARS AGO THIS MONTH, KISTIAKOWSKY SAID THE RESULTING REAPPRAISALS OF AMERICA'S SPACE WORK "WERE EXTREMELY VALUABLE BECAUSE THEY DISCLOSED AREAS OF REAL WEAKNESS."

HE SAID THERE HAS BEEN GRATIFYING PROGRESS IN REMEDYING WEAKNESSES, THAT AMERICA IS NOW MOVING EFFECTIVELY--"BUT I DO NOT MEAN TO IMPLY THAT WE SHOULD BE SATISFIED."

EG824PED

1959

A35
AMS BUDGET (600)
NIGHT LEAD FRANCE
BY DAVID MASON

PARIS, OCT. 21 (AP)-FRANCE PUT THE BRAKES TODAY ON U.S. AND BRITISH TALK OF A SUMMIT MEETING IN DECEMBER. PRESIDENT CHARLES DE GAULLE HELD OUT FOR A SPRINGTIME MEETING OF THE FOUR EAST-WEST LEADERS.

AMID REPORTS THAT NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV MAY SOON VISIT PARIS FOR TWO-WAY TALKS WITH PRESIDENT CHARLES DE GAULLE, THE FRENCH GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCED THIS AS ITS STAND ON THE SUMMIT:

IF THE WORLD CLIMATE IS CHANGED IN THE COMING MONTHS, THEN THE BIG FOUR COULD HOLD A GENERAL DISCUSSION NEXT SPRING "OF THE PROBLEMS WHICH DIVIDE THE WORLD."

THIS STATEMENT OF THE CABINET, WHICH MET WITH DE GAULLE PRESIDING, BROUGHT FORMALLY INTO THE OPEN THE DIFFERENCES AMONG THE WESTERN BIG THREE OVER THE SUMMIT MEETING WITH KHRUSHCHEV ON COLD WAR ISSUES.

IN WASHINGTON, PRESIDENT EISENHOWER MET WITH SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN A. HERTER, APPARENTLY TO DISCUSS WAYS OF SETTLING THE DISPUTE WITH FRANCE OVER A TIMING OF A MEETING. EISENHOWER IS UNDERSTOOD TO HAVE PROPOSED A MEETING WITH HIS WESTERN PARTNERS EARLY NEXT MONTH TO CLEAR THE WAY FOR A POSSIBLE SUMMIT MEETING IN THE FIRST 10 DAYS OF DECEMBER.

IN LONDON, THE FOREIGN OFFICE COMMENTED: "WE HAVE ALWAYS FELT THAT IT (THE SUMMIT MEETING) OUGHT TO TAKE PLACE RATHER EARLIER THAN THE SPRING." IT ADDED THAT THERE WOULD HAVE TO BE DISCUSSIONS ON A DATE TO PROPOSE TO MOSCOW.

BASICALLY, THE FRENCH CABINET'S STATEMENT WAS A REITERATION OF THE ATTITUDE DE GAULLE HAS TAKEN SINCE EARLY THIS YEAR ON AN EAST-WEST SUMMIT CONFERENCE.

HE SAID THEN, AS THE CABINET DID TOODAY, THAT SUMMIT TALKS MUST BE CAREFULLY PREPARED BECAUSE FAILURE WOULD CREATE A GRAVE SITUATION.

THE CABINET SAID THE PREPARATION SHOULD INCLUDE SEVERAL HIGH LEVEL WESTERN MEETINGS HELD AT LEISURE.

IF THE COMING MONTHS BRING SIGNS OF AN "EFFECTIVE EASING OF TENSIONS," THE STATEMENT SAID, THEN THE QUESTION OF A SUMMIT CONFERENCE COULD BE CONTEMPLATED.

EISENHOWER AND PRIME MINISTER HAROLD MACMILLAN--PARTICULARLY MACMILLAN--HAVE BEEN PICTURED AS WANTING AN EARLY MEETING WITH KHRUSHCHEV TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF A THAW IN EAST-WEST RELATIONS.

THIS THAW HAS BEEN DETECTED BY OPTIMISTS SINCE KHRUSHCHEV VISITED THE UNITED STATES AND LIFTED A SPECIFIC TIME LIMIT ON HIS DEMAND THAT THE WESTERN POWERS LEAVE WEST BERLIN.

AS A BRITISH SOURCE PUT IT TODAY:

"WE WANT TO KEEP UP THE MOMENTUM OF THE STEADY IMPROVEMENT IN EAST-WEST RELATIONS."

A SPOKESMAN AT BONN INDICATED WEST GERMANY SEES NO REASON WHY AN EAST-WEST SUMMIT CONFERENCE MUST WAIT UNTIL SPRING. AT THE SAME TIME THE SPOKESMAN, FELIX VON ECKHARDT, SAID CHANCELOR KONRAD ADENAUER SEES NO DANGER IN PUTTING OFF A SUMMIT CONFERENCE.

THE WEST GERMANS WOULD NOT ATTEND THE SUMMIT MEETING, AT LEAST AS FULL PARTICIPANTS, BUT THEIR WISHES WILL BE CONSULTED BY THE WESTERN BIG THREE.

IN RECENT SECRET MESSAGES TO DE GAULLE, MACMILLAN AND ADENAUER, EISENHOWER IS UNDERSTOOD TO HAVE PROPOSED AN EARLY WESTERN SUMMIT MEETING IN PARIS TO PREPARE FOR A WESTERN BIG THREE SESSION WITH KHRUSHCHEV.

DE GAULLE'S SUGGESTION THAT WESTERN CONSULTATIONS SHOULD BE HELD AT LEISURE APPEARED TO RULE OUT ANY HURRY-UP WESTERN SESSION.

"FRANCE NATURALLY HAS DECIDED TO COOPERATE ACTIVELY TOWARD THE POSSIBLE AMELIORATION OF RELATIONS BETWEEN THE EAST AND WEST," THE FRENCH CABINET SAID.

"THE GOVERNMENT HOLDS IT NECESSARY THAT THERE DEVELOP BEFOREHAND THE EFFECTIVE EASING OF TENSIONS THAT IS HOPED FOR."

AN OPPORTUNITY TO TEST THE INTERNATIONAL ATMOSPHERE SHOULD COME IN THE U.N. ASSEMBLY DEBATES, THE GOVERNMENT SAID.

SOUTHEAST ASIA, THE FAR EAST AND AFRICA ARE OTHER AREAS WHERE COMMUNIST INTENTIONS CAN BE TESTED, THE GOVERNMENT ADDED.

THERE WAS NO CONFIRMATION OF PLANS FOR A KHRUSHCHEV VISIT TO PARIS BUT SOME SOURCES PREDICTED A JANUARY CALL BY THE SOVIET PREMIER. THE VISIT HAS BEEN UNDER CONSIDERATION FOR SOME TIME.

DF/RK423PED

A83AX (IKE-SUMMIT)

NIGHT LEAD IKE-SUMMIT (310)
BY MARVIN L. ARROWSMITH

AUGUSTA, GA., OCT. 21 (AP)-PRESIDENT EISENHOWER PUT OUT WORD TODAY HE FAVORS A WESTERN SUMMIT CONFERENCE "ANY TIME FROM NOW ON."

AND THAT APPEARED TO MAKE IT JUST ABOUT CERTAIN THE PRESIDENT WILL HOLD A MEETING, PROBABLY FAIRLY SOON, WITH FRENCH PRESIDENT CHARLES DEGAULLE, BRITISH PRIME MINISTER HAROLD MACMILLAN AND WEST GERMANY'S CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER.

THE TIME AND PLACE MAY BE PARIS IN NOVEMBER.

EISENHOWER BROKE HIS SILENCE--SO FAR AS THE PUBLIC IS CONCERNED--REGARDING A TOP LEVEL WESTERN CONFERENCE SHORTLY AFTER ARRIVING IN AUGUSTA FOR A VACATION OF GOLF.

AND PRESS SECRETARY JAMES C. HAGERTY ANNOUNCED THAT THE PRESIDENT WILL HOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE TOMORROW MORNING (10 A.M., EST) AND ANSWER QUESTIONS DEALING WITH THE POSSIBILITY OF AN EAST-WEST SUMMIT SESSION. THAT WOULD BE A MEETING OF THE WESTERN LEADERS--AFTER THEIR PRELIMINARY GET-TOGETHER--WITH SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV.

EISENHOWER REPORTEDLY HAS BEEN URGING IN PRIVATE CORRESPONDENCE THAT DEGAULLE, MACMILLAN AND ADENAUER MEET WITH HIM SOON TO PAVE THE WAY FOR A POSSIBLE SUMMIT SESSION WITH KHRUSHCHEV.

MACMILLAN HAS BEEN WILLING AND EAGER ALL ALONG. ADENAUER REPORTEDLY HAS BEEN READY TOO--WITH SOME RESERVATIONS ABOUT A LATER MEETING WITH THE SOVIET PREMIER.

BUT DEGAULLE HAS BEEN RELUCTANT.

TODAY, HOWEVER, THE FRENCH CABINET ISSUED A COMMUNIQUE--WHICH HAD INDICATIONS OF DEGAULLE'S AUTHORSHIP--SAYING FRANCE AGREES IN PRINCIPLE TO THE WESTERN LEADERS MEETING WITH KHRUSHCHEV. BUT NOT UNTIL NEXT SPRING.

EISENHOWER REPORTEDLY HAD SUGGESTED PREVIOUSLY THAT AN EAST-WEST CONFERENCE BE HELD IN DECEMBER.

AS FOR A SUMMIT MEETING FIRST OF WESTERN LEADERS, THE FRENCH COMMUNIQUE SEEMED TO LEAVE NO DOUBT DEGAULLE IS WILLING ON THAT POINT. THE COMMUNIQUE SAID:

"THE GOVERNMENT THINKS THAT A CONFERENCE OF CHIEFS OF STATE OR CHIEFS OF GOVERNMENT SHOULD BE CAREFULLY PREPARED BY THE WESTERN POWERS AND ESPECIALLY PRECEDED BY LEISURELY MEETINGS HELD BETWEEN THEM."

THE COMMUNIQUE WAS SHOWN TO EISENHOWER ON HIS ARRIVAL HERE FROM WASHINGTON. ASKED ABOUT HIS REACTION, HAGERTY SAID:

"THE PRESIDENT IS WILLING, IN FAVOR OF, AND BELIEVES IT WOULD BE WORTHWHILE TO HAVE A WESTERN SUMMIT MEETING WITH OUR ALLIES.

"HE IS READY TO ATTEND SUCH A MEETING AT ANY TIME FROM NOW ON."

HAGERTY THEN WAS ASKED WHETHER EISENHOWER FAVORS GOING ON TO AN EAST-WEST SUMMIT AFTER A SESSION WITH DEGAULLE, MACMILLAN AND ADENAUER.

"WHY DON'T YOU ASK HIM?" HAGERTY REPLIED.

THE PRESS SECRETARY THEN WENT ON TO SAY THAT EISENHOWER WOULD HOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE IN THE MORNING AND SUCH QUESTIONS COULD BE PUT TO HIM AT THAT TIME.

A63

NIGHT LEAD KHRUSHCHEV (WITH SUMMIT) (260)
BY GEORGE MCARTHUR

PARIS, OCT. 21 (AP)-SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S.KHRUSHCHEV IS BELIEVED LIKELY TO VISIT PRESIDENT CHARLES DE GAULLE, POSSIBLY, IN JANUARY, SOME INFORMED SOURCES SAID TODAY.

THERE WAS NO CONFIRMATION FROM OFFICIAL FRENCH AND SOVIET SOURCES BUT NEITHER WOULD THEY DENY THE REPORTS.

INFORMED QUARTERS SAID A VISIT BY KHRUSHCHEV TO FRANCE HAS BEEN UNDER CONSIDERATION FOR SOME TIME. IT WAS SAID TO HINGE ON AN INVITATION FROM DE GAULLE SINCE KHRUSHCHEV HAS BEEN WILLING IN PRINCIPLE TO VISIT FRANCE FOR SOME TIME.

THESE SOURCES SAID SUCH AN INVITATION FROM DE GAULLE MAY NOW BE IN SOVIET HANDS. THE FRENCH EMBASSY IN MOSCOW, HOWEVER, DENIED KNOWLEDGE OF ANY INVITATION.

THE BEST INFORMATION WAS THAT NO SPECIFIC DATE HAD YET BEEN AGREED BUT THE FIRST OF NEXT YEAR WAS CONSIDERED LIKELY.

SPECULATION ABOUT THE MEETING WAS GIVEN EMPHASIS BY THE VISIT OF SOVIET AMBASSADOR SERGEI VINOGRADOV WITH DEGAULLE YESTERDAY AND WITH PREMIER MICHEL DEBRE TODAY.

EMERGING FROM THE MEETING WITH DEBRE, VINOGRADOV TOLD NEWSMEN: "IT IS NOT FOR ME TO TALK ABOUT SUCH A THING OR DENY IT" WHEN ASKED ABOUT A KHRUSHCHEV VISIT.

THE OFFICE OF DE GAULLE SOBERLY TOOK NOTE OF NEWSPAPER REPORTS ABOUT AN INVITATION TO THE SOVIET PREMIER AND ANNOUNCED "THIS CALLS FOR NO COMMENTARY."

THE BIG DAILY FRANCE SOIR REFERRED TO RUMORS OF THE MEETING CIRCULATING IN PARIS, LONDON AND WASHINGTON. SOME REPORTS SAID THE MEETING COULD TAKE PLACE WITHIN EIGHT DAYS. BUT THIS POSSIBILITY WAS DISMISSED BY INFORMED DIPLOMATIC QUARTERS.

IT WAS FELT THAT KHRUSHCHEV WOULD COME TO FRANCE SINCE DE GAULLE WAS IN MOSCOW IN 1946 WHEN HE HEADED FRANCE'S PROVISIONAL POSTWAR GOVERNMENT.

FV541PED

30.24-9025

A136

LONDON, OCT. 21 (AP)-DR. GEOFFREY FISHER, ARCHBISHOP OF CANTERBURY, TOLD A MEETING OF BRITISH CHURCHMEN TODAY NO CHRISTIAN COULD POSSIBLY PUT FORWARD A BETTER DISARMAMENT PLAN THAN NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV'S.

"I AM SURPRISED THAT NO CHRISTIAN BODY MADE ANY COMMENT ABOUT KHRUSHCHEV'S DISARMAMENT STATEMENT WHICH HE MADE IN AMERICA," THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND PRIMATE ADDED.

HE REFERRED TO THE SOVIET PREMIER'S DISARMAMENT PLAN PRESENTED AT THE UNITED NATIONS LAST MONTH.

THE RELIGIOUS LEADER SPOKE BEFORE THE BRITISH COUNCIL OF CHURCHES DURING ITS DISCUSSION OF A REPORT ON THE MORAL ASPECTS OF DISARMAMENT.

HL1038PED

A7WX

(250) HEARST-KHRUSHCHEV

WASHINGTON, OCT. 21 (AP)-WILLIAM RANDOLPH HEARST JR. SAID TODAY THAT PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV GRADUALLY IS TRANSFORMING RUSSIA INTO THE ~~BLANCE~~ OF A BOURGEOIS STATE -- BUT NOT DILUTING ITS DEADLY THREAT TO WESTERN DEMOCRACY.

THE EDITOR-IN-CHIEF OF THE HEARST NEWSPAPERS, WHOSE 1955 INTERVIEWS WITH KREMLIN LEADERS WON HIS ORGANIZATION A PULITZER PRIZE, CALLED KHRUSHCHEV A POLITICAL CHARMER, AN INSECURE "STATUS-SEEKER" AND A NOTABLE PERVERTER OF THE TRUTH.

BUT HEARST TOLD THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE NATIONAL ASSN. OF FOOD CHAINS THAT THE SOVIET LEADER'S CROWD-PLEASING WAYS SHOULD NOT DELUTE AMERICANS INTO FAILUTURE TO RECOGNIZE HIM AS "A TOUGH, FORMIDABLE, RUTHLESS AND EVEN BRILLIANT POLITICAL OPPONENT."

KHRUSHCHEV HAS DONE MUCH TO LIGHTEN AND BRIGHTEN THE LIVES OF RUSSIANS FORMERLY WRAPPED IN THE GRIP OF A POLICE REGIME, HEARST SAID, BUT COMMUNISM ITSELF AND ITS GOALS WILL NOT CHANGE.

"ALL GENUINE AUTHORITY BEGINS AND ENDS WITH THE COMMUNIST PARTY," THE EDITOR SAID.

"IT IS COMMUNISM RATHER THAN KHRUSHCHEV WHICH WE, AS AMERICANS AND FREE PEOPLE, ARE GOING TO HAVE TO DEAL WITH FOR YEARS TO COME. . . .

"COMMUNISTS ARE RELIGIOUSLY DEDICATED TO THE BELIEF THAT THEIR SYSTEM WILL DOMINATE THE WORLD. IT IS FULLY UNDERSTOOD AND ACCEPTED THAT ANY MEANS JUSTIFY THAT END.

"WE MUST BE AS DEDICATED TO BELIEVE IN OUR OWN SYSTEM -- WHICH GUARANTEES FREEDOM OF RELIGION, FREEDOM OF SPEECH AND FREEDOM OF THE PRESS - AS THEY ARE IN THEIRS.

"MORE THAN THAT: WE MUST BE ALERT TO ANY INFRINGEMENT UPON THESE PRINCIPLES. . . . OTHERWISE, JUST AS SURE AS WE ARE SITTING HERE, THEY WILL, LITTLE BY LITTLE, NIBBLE AWAY AND WE WILL BE OVERRUN BY THOSE WHO ARE MORE STRONGLY DEDICATED TO THEIR UNHOLY BELIEFS."

EG226PED

A59

(110)

NEW YORK, OCT. 21 (AP)-TASS TODAY ANNOUNCED A RUSH PUBLICATION JOB, A BOOK ON PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV'S VISIT LAST MONTH TO THE UNITED STATES.

THE SOVIET NEWS AGENCY SAID THE BOOK, WHICH APPARENTLY WENT ON SALE TODAY, IS TITLED "TO LIVE IN PEACE AND FRIENDSHIP!--THE UNITED STATES VISIT OF NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV, CHAIRMAN OF THE USSR COUNCIL OF MINISTERS, SEPT. 15-27, 1959."

"THE BOOK CONTAINS . . . REPORTS ON KHRUSHCHEV'S MEETINGS IN THE UNITED STATES, HIS SPEECHES, INTERVIEWS, STATEMENTS AT PRESS CONFERENCES AND OVER THE TELEVISION, REPORTS OF THE PRESS GROUP, AND SPEECHES OF AMERICAN STATESMEN AND POLITICAL LEADERS DURING THEIR MEETINGS WITH KHRUSHCHEV," TASS SAID.

PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE VISIT ARE ALSO INCLUDED.

VS634AED

AP122

-95-

NEW YORK, OCT. 21 (AP)-RUSSELL A. LANGELLE, U.S. DIPLOMATIC OFFICIAL, EXPELLED BY THE SOVIET UNION ON ESPIONAGE CHARGES, ARRIVED HOME TONIGHT AND SAID HE BELIEVED HE WAS ABDUCTED BY SOVIET AGENTS BECAUSE HE WAS IN CHARGE OF CLASSIFIED DOCUMENTS AND CODES AT THE AMERICAN EMBASSY.

LANGELLE, 37, ARRIVED AT IDLEWILD AIRPORT FROM AMSTERDAM. HE WAS ACCOMPANIED BY HIS WIFE MIRIAM, 35, AND THEIR THREE CHILDREN, MARY, 2, DAVID, 5, AND LINDA, 7.

LANGELLE, WHO WAS SECURITY OFFICER AT THE U.S. EMBASSY IN MOSCOW, DENIED THAT HE PARTICIPATED IN ANY ESPIONAGE ACTIVITY AS CHARGED BY THE RUSSIANS.

HE IS EN ROUTE TO WASHINGTON FOR CONSULTATION WITH THE STATE DEPARTMENT AND FOR REASSIGNMENT.

THE STATEDEPARTMENT SAID RUSSIANS KIDNAPED HIM IN MOSCOW, QUESTIONED HIM FOR SEVERAL HOURS AND TRIED TO BRIBE HIM T SPY FOR THE SOVIET UNION.

THE RUSSIANS ALLEGED THEY CAUGHT LANGELLE WITH A NOTEBOOK CONTAINING SECRET INFORMATION IN INVISIBLE INK AFTER HE WAS SEEN TO PASS A PACKAGE OF MONEY AND AND INVISIBLE INK MATERIALL TO A RUSSIAN.

LANGELLE GAVE AN AIRPORT NEWS CONFERENCE DETAILS OF HIS EXPERIENCE LAST FRIDAY AFTER HE ALIGHTED FROM A BUS NEAR THE U.S. EMBASSY.

HE SAID HE WAS DRAGGED BODILY BY FIVE MEN TO A CURTAINED LIMOUSINE.

ASKED WHY HE WAS KIDNAPED, LANGELLE REPLIED:

"THIS IS A MATTER OF PURE CONJECTURE, BUT AS SECURITY OFFICER I WAS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE PHYSICAL SECURITY OF THE EMBASSY AND FOR THE CLASSIFIED DOCUMENTS, CODES AND PERSONNEL."

HE SAID HE HAD NEVER SEEN THE NOTEBOOK ASSERTEDLY TAKEN FROM HIS POCKET BY THE MEN. HE SAID IT COULD EASILY HAVE BEEN SLIPPED INTO HIS POCKET WHILE HE WAS ON THE CROWDED BUS.

THE NOTATIONS IN THE BOOK, HE BELIEVED, WERE WRITTEN IN RUSSIAN, A LANGUAGE HE SAID HE CAN WRITE.

LANGELLE SAID WESTERN DIPLOMATS IN MOSCOW WERE SHOCKED AND AMAZED "AND, LIKE MYSELF, COULDN'T BELIEVE THAT SUCH A THING HAPPENED."

HE SAID HE IS LOOKING FORWARD TO HOME LEAVE AFTER SPENDING THREE YEARS OVERSEAS.

THE U.S. STATE DEPARTMENT EARLIER GAVE THIS VERSION OF THE INCIDENT:

THE RUSSIANS FORCED LANGELLE INTO A CAR, TOOK HIM TO A NEARBY BUILDING AND QUESTIONED AND THREATENED HIM FOR SEVERAL HOURS. THE MEN ALSO TRIED UNSUCCESSFULLY TO ENLIST HIM AS A SOVIET SPY.

THE SOVIET VERSION, AS OUTLINED BY RUSSIAN NEWSPAPER SOURCES, GOES LIKE THIS:

PASSENGERS ON THE BUS SEIZED TWO MEN AFTER ONE HANDED THE OTHER A LARGE PACKAGE THAT APPEARED TO CONTAIN MONEY. ONE MAN, A SOVIET CITIZEN, HAD A PACKAGE CONTAINING 20,000 RUBLES (ABOUT $5,000) AND MATERIAL FOR MAKING SECRET INKS. THE OTHER MAN--LANGELLE--WAS FOUND TO HAVE A NOTEBOOK CONTAINING SECRET DATA WRITTEN IN INVISIBLE INK.

HL1040PED

A58

HEIDELBERG, GERMANY, OCT. 21 (AP)-A SOVIET ARMY LIEUTENANT COLONEL AND HIS DRIVER WERE ARRESTED BY THE U. S. ARMY TODAY WHEN THEY WERE FOUND NEAR AN AMERICAN NIKE MISSILE SITE UNDER CONSTRUCTION AT DALLAU.

A SPOKESMAN FOR THE U. S. ARMY IN EUROPE SAID THE SOVIETS WERE DETAINED FOR SLIGHTLY OVER FIVE HOURS AND THEN RELEASED.

THE OFFICIER'S NAME AND THAT OF HIS DRIVER--AN ENLISTED MAN OF THE RED ARMY--WERE NOT DISCLOSED. BOTH RUSSIANS ARE MEMBERS OF THE SOVIET MILITARY MISSION IN FRANKFURT.

BN512PED

A76WX

(300) NIGHT LEAD RED CHINA

BY LEWIS GULICK

WASHINGTON, OCT. 21 (AP)-THE STATE DEPARTMENT SAID TODAY RED CHINA SHOWS NO SIGN OF ABANDONING ITS ANNOUNCED INTENTION TO USE FORCE, IF NECESSARY, TO SEIZE FORMOSA FROM THE NATIONALIST CHINESE.

THIS DEPARTMENT STATEMENT WAS ISSUED AFTER IT BECAME KNOWN THAT RUSSIAN PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV HAD SENT PRESIDENT EISENHOWER A LETTER DEALING WITH CHINA.

KHRUSHCHEV'S LETTER, WHICH WAS DELIVERED TO THE STATE DEPARTMENT OCT. 13, SAID RUSSIA SUPPORTS THE COMMUNIST CHINESE CLAIM TO FORMOSA.

AUTHORITIES SAID THERE WAS NO FOUNDATION FOR A REPORT THAT KHRUSHCHEV FORWARDED WORD OF A RED CHINESE WILLINGNESS TO ABANDON THE USE OF FORCE AS AN INTERNATIONAL INSTRUMENT.

KHRUSHCHEV AND EISENHOWER AGREED AT THEIR CAMP DAVID TALKS LAST MONTH THAT INTERNATIONAL ISSUES SHOULD BE SETTLED PEACEFULLY, NOT BY FORCE. AND KHRUSHCHEV STRESSED THIS POINT PUBLICLY ON HIS SUBSEQUENT VISIT TO RED CHINA.

HOWEVER, THE RED CHINESE CONTEND FORMOSA IS A DOMESTIC, NOT AN INTERNATIONAL ISSUE, AND KHRUSHCHEV SIDED WITH HIS ASIAN ALLY ON THIS.

AT THE STATE DEPARTMENT, WITH REFERENCE TO AN ACCOUNT PUBLISHED IN THE CHICAGO SUN-TIMES THAT KHRUSHCHEV'S LETTER TO EISENHOWER CONTAINED "A NEW OFFER FROM RED CHINA TO THE UNITED STATES," PRESS OFFICER LINCOLN WHITE SAID:

"NO SUCH OFFER HAS BEEN RECEIVED.

"THE CHINESE COMMUNIST REGIME HAS NOT GIVEN THE SLIGHTEST INDICATION THAT IT IS READY TO RENOUNCE THE USE OF FORCE IN PURSUANCE OF ITS OBJECTIVES IN THE TAIWAN (FORMOSA) AREA.

"ON THE CONTRARY, IT CONTINUES TO DECLARE ITS INTENTION TO SEIZE TIAWAN. THIS POSITION HAS RECENTLY BEEN REITERATED BY THE LEADERS OF THE PEIPING REGIME.

"COMMUNIST CHINESE PREMIER CHOU EN-LAI IN AN ARTICLE PUBLISHED OCT. 6 RESTATED IT IN THESE WORDS:

"'THE CHINESE PEOPLE ARE DETERMINED TO LIBERATE TAIWAN AND NO FORCE WHATSOEVER CAN PREVENT THEM FROM DOING SO.'

"THE UNITED STATES OF COURSE WOULD WELCOME A MEANINGFUL RECUNCIATION OF FORCE BY THE PEIPING REGIME.

"FOR THE PAST FOUR YEARS, IN THE AMBASSADORIAL TALKS BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND COMMUNIST CHINA AT GENEVA AND WARSAW, IT HAS BEEN ENDEAVORING WITHOUT SUCCESS TO PERSUADE THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS TO MAKE SUCH A DECLARATION.

"THE RECENT TALKS WITH PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV WERE, OF COURSE, ANOTHER INDICATION OF THE UNITED STATES' DESIRE TO FIND PEACEFUL SOLUTIONS TO WORLD PROBLEMS."

CR/GG633PED

A148

(120)

CALCUTTA, INDIA, OCT. 21 (AP)-THE DESIRE FOR PEACE IS NOT AS STRONG IN COMMUNIST CHINA AS IN THE SOVIET UNION, PRIME MINISTER NEHRU SAID TODAY.

HE TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE THE SOVIET UNION APPROACHED WORLD PROBLEMS WITH THE NORMALITY WHICH FOLLOWED A REVOLUTIONARY PERIOD, WHILE CHINA IS STILL IN THE FIRST STAGE OF A REVOLUTION.

ANOTHER IMPORTANT POINT, HE SAID, IS THAT RUSSIA IS SATISFIED TERRITORIALLY.

NEHRU ATTRIBUTED RECENT CHINESE INCURSIONS INTO INDIAN TERRITORY TO DEVELOPMENTS IN TIBET.

HE SAID CHINESE TROOPS WENT TO TIBET TO CRUSH REBELLION AND STOP THE EXODUS OF REFUGEES BUT HE DID NOT THINK THERE WAS A MAJOR MOVE TO ENTER INDIAN TERRITORY.

NEHRU REPORTED THAT THE CHINESE HAD NOT ABANDONED THEIR CLAIM TO LARGE SECTIONS OF INDIAN TERRITORY.

UM1109PED

A146

JAKARTA, INDONESIA, OCT. 21 (AP)-FOREIGN MINISTER SUBANDRIO RETURNED FROM PEIPING TODAY AND SAID, "I AM SURE CHINA WILL EXERT ALL EFFORTS TO APPROACH EXISTING PROBLEMS IN A FRIENDLY, PEACEFUL WAY."

SUBANDRIO SAID HE FOUND COMMUNIST LEADERS CONCERNED THAT RED CHINA'S ACTIVITIES ALONG THE INDIAN BORDER HAD CREATED APPREHENSION AMONG OTHER ASIAN COUNTRIES.

UM1105PED

A145

SEOUL, KOREA, THURSDAY, OCT. 22 (AP)-SOUTH KOREA'S DEFENSE MINISTER TODAY SAID THE NORTH KOREAN COMMUNISTS HAVE ATOMIC GUNS IN FORWARD AREAS FACING THE TRUCE ZONE AND HE ASSUMES THEY HAVE THE CAPABILITY OF ATOMIC ATTACK.

KIM CHUNG-YUL, IN ANSWER TO A WRITTEN QUERY, SAID HE HAS RECEIVED REPORTS ON ATOMIC TRAINING CONDUCTED BY THE COMMUNISTS AND KNOWS THEY HAVE THE MEANS TO DELIVER ATOMIC WARHEADS.

"IN FACT, THEIR ATOMIC GUNS ARE DEPLOYED IN FORWARD AREAS," HE STATED. "IT IS NATURAL THEREFORE TO ASSUME THE ENEMY HAS THE CAPABILITY OF ATOMIC ATTACK."

HE WOULD NOT DISCLOSE THE SOURCE OF HIS INFORMATION.

UM1104PED

B34 (Q)

--17--

BY WILLIAM N. OATIS (340)

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., OCT. 21 (AP)-INFORMED DIPLOMATS SAID TODAY THE SOVIET UNION AND THE UNITED STATES ARE TRYING TO AGREE ON A DISARMAMENT RESOLUTION THEY COULD SPONSOR TOGETHER IN THE U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

ONE DELEGATE SAID HE EXPECTED THEY WOULD REACH AGREEMENT TOMORROW. SECRET NEGOTIATIONS HAVE BEEN GOING ON ABOUT A WEEK.

EACH COUNTRY, THE INFORMANTS SAID, HAS DRAWN UP THE KIND OF RESOLUTION IT WOULD LIKE THE 82-NATION ASSEMBLY TO PASS. THE DRAFTS WERE SAID TO DIFFER MAINLY IN WHAT THEY SAY ABOUT SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV'S PLAN FOR TOTAL DISARMAMENT IN FOUR YEARS.

THE SOVIET DRAFT WOULD HAVE THE ASSEMBLY ENDORSE THE PRINCIPLE OF GENERAL AND COMPLETE DISARMAMENT IN FOUR TO SIX YEARS, IT WAS REPORTED, WHILE THE AMERICAN DRAFT WOULD NOT DO SO. ONE DELEGATE SAID THE AMERICANS WERE RELUCTANT TO GO ALONG WITH SUCH AN ENDORSEMENT BUT THE BRITISH TENDED TO FAVOR IT.

BOTH THE U.S. AND SOVIET RESOLUTIONS IN TENTATIVE FORM WOULD HAVE THE ASSEMBLY REFER THE LATEST PENDING DISARMAMENT PROPOSALS TO THE NEW 10-NATION EAST-WEST DISARMAMENT COMMITTEE THAT WILL BEGIN TALKS IN GENEVA NEXT FEBRUARY.

THESE ARE (1) KHRUSHCHEV'S FOUR-YEAR PLAN, LAID BEFORE THE ASSEMBLY SEPT. 18, AND (2) BRITISH FOREIGN SECRETARY SELWYN LLOYD'S SCHEME FOR BALANCED DISARMAMENT BY STAGES, PRESENTED TO THE ASSEMBLY SEPT. 17.

ANY RESOLUTION THAT RESULT FROM THE AMERICAN-SOVIET TALKS WOULD BE SUBMITTED TO THE ASSEMBLY'S POLITICAL COMMITTEE, NOW DEBATING THE KHRUSHCHEV PLAN.

AFTER DEBATE OF THE KHRUSHCHEV PLAN, THE COMMITTEE MUST CONSIDER, IN SUCCESSION, A MOROCCAN COMPLAINT AGAINST FRENCH PLANS FOR NUCLEAR TESTS IN THE SAHARA; AN IRISH PROPOSAL TO LIMIT THE SPREAD OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS FROM THE PRESENT ATOMIC POWERS; AN INDIAN BID FOR SUSPENSION OF ALL NUCLEAR TESTS, AND THE LATEST REPORT OF THE 82-NATION U.N. DISARMAMENT COMMISSION.

THE DISARMAMENT COMMISSION, IN A SEPT. 10 RESOLUTION FORWARDED TO THE ASSEMBLY, WELCOMED THE AGREEMENT OF BRITAIN, FRANCE, THE SOVIET UNION AND THE UNITED STATES, TO RESUME DISARMAMENT TALKS IN THE 10-NATION COMMITTEE.

THE COMMITTEE WILL CONSIST OF THE WESTERN BIG THREE, CANADA AND ITALY ON ONE SIDE AND THE SOVIET UNION, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, BULGARIA, POLAND AND ROMANIA ON THE OTHER. IT WILL REPLACE THE U.N. DISARMAMENT SUBCOMMITTEE--THE BIG FOUR PLUS CANADA WHICH BROKE UP IN DISAGREEMENT-IN LONDON IN SEPTEMBER 1957.

J/RK532PED

A68'UN

BULLETIN

SECOND NIGHT LEAD TIBET By Milton Besser

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., OCT. 21 (AP)-THE UNITED NATIONS APPROVED TONIGHT A U.S.-BACKED RESOLUTION CALLING FOR RESPECT FOR THE FUNDAMENTAL RIGHT OF THE TIBETAN PEOPLE TO CHOOSE THEIR OWN WAY OF LIFE.

OVER SHARP OPPOSITION FROM THE SOVIET BLOC THE ASSEMBLY ADOPTED THE RESOLUTION BY A VOTE OF 45 TO 9 WITH 26 ABSTENTIONS.

BRITAIN AND FRANCE WERE AMONG THE ABSTAINERS. OTHERS INCLUDED WESTERN EUROPEAN NATIONS AND A LARGE GROUP OF ASIAN-AFRICAN NATIONS.

THE RESOLUTION, SPONSORED BY IRELAND AND MALAYA, DID NOT CONTAIN ANY SPECIFIC REFERENCE TO COMMUNIST CHINA. BUT THE DEBATE THAT PRECEDED THE VOTE MADE CLEAR IT WAS DIRECTED AT PEIPING.

MANY WHO ABSTAINED, INCLUDING BRITAIN AND FRANCE, ACCUSED THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS OF COMMITTING ATROCITIES AGAINST THE TIBETAN PEOPLE. BUT THEY DECLARED THEY COULD NOT VOTE FOR THE RESOLUTION BECAUSE TIBET IS A PART OF CHINA AND THE U.N. CHARTER FORBIDS INTERVENTION IN DOMESTIC AFFAIRS OF ANY NATION.

BY ITS ACTION THE MAJORITY IN THE ASSEMBLY DISREGARDED THE SOVIET ARGUMENT THAT EVEN TO DISCUSS TIBET WOULD AGGRAVATE INTERNATIONAL TENSIONS AT A TIME WHEN THEY APPEARED TO BE EASING.

THE RESOLUTION EXPRESSED GRAVE CONCERN OVER REPORTS, INCLUDING STATEMENTS OF THE EXILED DALAI LAMA, THAT HIS PEOPLE HAD BEEN DENIED FUNDAMENTAL HUMAN RIGHTS.

FRANK AIKEN, THE IRISH FOREIGN MINISTER, IN A FINAL PLEA FOR SUPPORT OF THE RESOLUTION, RECALLED THE REQUEST OF THE DALAI LAMA ON SEPT. 9 FOR IMMEDIATE INTERVENTION IN TIBET BY THE UNITED NATIONS.

"WE KNOW WHAT HAS HAPPENED IN TIBET," HE DECLARED. "THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA HAVE NOT DENIED IT. BUT THEIR FRIENDS IN THIS ASSEMBLY HAVE TRIED TO JUSTIFY IT."

HE SAID THE RESOLUTION PROVIDED A SPECIAL CHALLENGE TO SMALLER NATIONS.

"DO THEY WISH SUCH CONDUCT BY THE POWERFUL AGAINST THE WEAK TO BECOME JUSTIFIED?" HE ASKED. "DO THEY WISH THAT WHAT HAS HAPPENED IN TIBET TO HAPPEN TO THEIR OWN PEOPLE AND CHILDREN?"

IN THE DEBATE THAT PRECEDED THE VOTE, T. F. TSIANG, NATIONALIST CHINA'S DELEGATE, ACCUSED THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS OF TRYING TO BRAINWASH THE TIBETAN PEOPLE IN AN ATTEMPT TO WIPE THEM OUT AS A DISTINCT NATIONALITY.

TOP DIPLOMATS OF THE SOVIET BLOC WALKED OUT OF THE ASSEMBLY HALL WHEN TSIANG TOOK THE ROSTRUM TO ACCUSE THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS OF INFLICTING ON THE TIBETAN PEOPLE SUFFERINGS GREATER THAN "ANY COLONIAL OR DEPENDENT PEOPLE IN ASIA OR AFRICA HAVE EVER EXPERIENCED."

HE CHARGED THE CHINESE REDS WITH MAKING SYSTEMATIC WARFARE ON RELIGION AND RELIGIOUS INSTITUTIONS IN TIBET IN VIOLATION OF PROMISES TO THE TIBETAN PEOPLE.

HE DECLARED TIBETAN YOUTHS WERE BEING INDOCTRINATED WITH COMMUNISM IN BOTH ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS WHERE FREE TUITION AND CLOTHING WERE OFFERED AS INDUCEMENTS FOR ATTENDANCE.

"WITH SUCH A PROGRAM OF INDOCTRINATION AND BRAINWASHING," HE ADDED, "THE TIBETAN PEOPLE AS A DISTINCT NATIONALITY MAY DISAPPEAR."

THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS, HE SAID, HAVE ENGAGED IN AN EXTENSIVE STRATEGIC ROAD BUILDING AND AIR FIELD CONSTRUCTION PROGRAM FOR MILITARY PURPOSES.

30.24-9027

HE SAID A BUILDUP OF THIS KIND ALONG WITH STRENGTHENED ARMED FORCES CONSTITUTE A MILITARY THREAT TO THE NEIGHBORS OF RED CHINA.

"NOW, IN TIBET, FOR THE FIRST TIME IN MANY CENTURIES, WE HAVE THE BEGINNING OF AN ARMS RACE," HE SAID.

"NOW IN TIBET, FOR THE FIRST TIME IN ALL HISTORY, THERE IS A FORCE THAT CAN THREATEN THE LANDS ACROSS THE HIMALAYAS."

RAFAEL URQUIA, THE AMBASSADOR FROM EL SALVADOR, SUGGESTED THAT THE ASSEMBLY CONSIDER CREATION OF A COMMISSION SIMILAR TO THAT NAMED TO GATHER INFORMATION ON THE 1956 HUNGARIAN REVOLT.

HE RECALLED THAT EL SALVADOR SOUGHT IN VAIN NINE YEARS AGO TO GET THE UNITED NATIONS TO CONDEMN COMMUNIST CHINA FOR SENDING MILITARY FORCES INTO TIBET.

HE SAID SUCH A COMMISSION IF POSSIBLE OUGHT TO MAKE AN ON-THE-SPOT INVESTIGATION. IF THE COMMISSION VERIFIED REPORTS OF ATROCITIES BY CHINESE COMMUNISTS, HE ADDED, THEN THE ASSEMBLY COULD "AT LEAST PASS A MORAL CONDEMNATION OF THE BARBARISM THAT HAS BECOME A SYMPTOM OF THE 20TH CENTURY."

A127 (100)

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., OCT. 21 (AP)-INFORMED DIPLOMATS INDICATED TODAY A U.N. FACT-FINDING MISSION'S REPORT ON LAOS WILL CONTAIN NO PROOF OF LAOTIAN CHARGES THAT COMMUNIST NORTH VIET NAM SENT TROOPS TO HELP THE REBELS.

THEY ALSO INDICATED THE REPORT WILL SHOW THAT THE LAOTIAN SITUATION IS FAIRLY STABLE.

THE U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY'S SUBCOMMITTEE SAID IT EXPECTS TO FINISH ITS REPORT TO THE SECURITY COUNCIL SOMETIME NEXT WEEK.

THE SUBCOMMITTEE, WHICH RECENTLY RETURNED FROM AN ON-THE-SCENE INSPECTION OF REBELLION-TORN LAOS, INCLUDED REPRESENTATIVES FROM ARGENTINA, ITALY, TUNISIA AND JAPAN.

LU1010PED

A121

WITH U.N. (110)

TOKYO, OCT. 21 (AP)-THE PANCHEN LAMA, TIBET'S PEIPING APPOINTED RULER, CHARGED TODAY THE UNITED NATIONS "HAS NO RIGHT AT ALL TO INTERFERE IN THE INTERNAL AFFAIRS OF OUR COUNTRY."

THE PUPPET HEAD OF COMMUNIST-OCCUPIED TIBET DECLARED THAT "MEDDLING INTO OUR COUNTRY'S INTERNAL AFFAIRS IS TANTAMOUNT TO UNDERMINING THE U.N. CHARTER."

THE 21-YEAR-OLD PANCHEN LAMA SPOKE BEFORE A MASS MEETING IN PEIPING. HIS SPEECH WAS BROADCAST BY RADIO PEIPING.

THE BROADCAST QUOTED HIM AS SAYING:

"THE TIBETAN PEOPLE WILL NEVER ALTER THE COURSE THEY HAVE TAKEN BECAUSE OFTHE OUTCRIES OF THE IMPERIALISTS.

"WE WILL CARRY ON THE REVOLUTION IN TIBET TO THE END NO MATTER HOW MADLY THE IMPERIALISTS HOWL."

DF10PED

A87

(300)

BY RENE-GEORGES INAGAKI

VIENTIANE, LAOS, OCT. 21 (AP)-PRINCE SOUPHANOUVONG AND 13 OTHER LEADERS OF THE PRO-COMMUNIST NEO LAO HAKSAT PARTY WILL GO ON TRIAL IN VIENTIANE MONDAY ON CHARGES OF HIGH TREASON.

JUSTICE SECRETARY THAO TANE TOLD A NEWSMAN DEATH SENTENCES WERE UNLIKELY. HE EXPLAINED THAT THE LAOTIANS, BEING "DEEPLY BUDDHIST," OPPOSE CAPITAL PUNISHMENT, AND THERE HAS BEEN NO DEATH SENTENCE SINCE THE LITTLE INDOCHINESE KINGDOM BECAME INDEPENDENT IN 1949.

TANE SAID THE 14 DEFENDANTS ALSO WERE CHARGED WITH PROVOCATION OF INTERNAL TROUBLE AND REBELLION. THEY WILL BE TRIED BY FOUR JUDGES AIDED BY TWO JURYMEN.

THE JUSTICE SECRETARY SAID THE TRIAL WILL BE PUBLIC BUT THAT EXTRAORDINARY SECURITY MEASURES WILL BE TAKEN. SPECIAL POLICE GUARDS WERE ORDERED FOR THE PRISON WHERE THE 14 ARE BEING HELD, ALL APPROACHES TO VIENTIANE AND THE COURTHOUSE.

PRINCE SOUPHANOUVONG, A 47-YEAR-OLD, PARIS-TRAINED ENGINEER, IS A MEMBER OF THE JUNIOR BRANCH OF THE LAOTIAN ROYAL FAMILY. HIS HALF-BROTHER, PRINCE SOUVANNA PHOUMA, NOW AMBASSADOR TO PARIS, IS EXPECTED TO ATTEND THE TRIAL SINCE HE IS DUE HOME TODAY TO ATTEND THE FUNERAL OF ANOTHER HALF-BROTHER, PRINCE PETSARATH, WHO DIED A WEEK AGO.

PRINCE SOUPHANOUVONG HEADED THE PRO-COMMUNIST PATHET LAO ARMY WHICH, AIDED BY THE COMMUNIST VIETMINH FORCES OF NORTH VIET NAM, LAUNCHED A GUERRILLA CAMPAIGN IN 1953 IN NORTH LAOS AGAINST THE ROYAL ARMY. UNTIL 1957 THE PATHET LAO CONTROLLED THE TWO NORTHERN PROVINCES OF PHONG SALY AND SAM NEUA.

SOUPHANOUVONG AND SOUVANNA PHOUMA, THEN PRIME MINISTER, REACHED A PEACE AGREEMENT IN 1957 RESTORING THE ROYAL GOVERNMENT'S AUTHORITY IN THE NORTH, AND SOUPHAOUVONG ENTERED THE GOVERNMENT. HE WAS LEFT OUT OF THE CABINET FORMED BY PRO-WESTERN PRIME MINISTER PHOUI SANANIKONE IN SEPTEMBER 1958. SUBSEQUENTLY THE PATHET LAO RESUMED GUERRILLA OPERATIONS IN THE NORTH AND SOUPHANOUVONG AND HIS ASSOCIATES WERE ARRESTED.

DB851AED

A196

(300)

AP FOREIGN SERVICE ADVANCE FOR THURSDAY AMS OCT. 22

BY KENNETH ISHII

(ADVANCE) TOKYO, OCT. 21 (AP)-JAPAN'S MILITARY CHIEFS ARE PREPARING A NEW FIVE-YEAR DEFENSE PLAN AIMED AT MODERNIZING THIS NATION'S AIR AND NAVAL DEFENSES.

THE FIVE-YEAR PLAN CALLS FOR THE ACQUISITION OF THE BOMAC, THE HAWK AND THE NIKE-AJAX FROM THE UNITED STATES, ALL GROUND-TO-AIR-MISSILES, FOR USE BY THE JAPANESE AIR SELF-DEFENSE FORCE. THE ONLY GUIDED MISSILE JAPAN HAS NOW IS THE AIR-TO-AIR SIDEWINDER.

FOR THE NAVY, THE PLAN CALLS FOR THE CONSTRUCTION IN JAPAN BETWEEN 1961 AND 1965 OF TWO-ANTI-SUBMARINE HELICOPTER CARRIER GROUPS TO COUNTER THE THREAT OF UP TO 150 SOVIET AND COMMUNIST CHINESE SUBS SECURITY OFFICIALS BELIEVE OPERATE IN FAR EAST WATERS.

EACH "HUNTER-KILLER" GROUP WOULD BE COMPOSED OF SEVEN OR EIGHT SHIPS CENTERING AROUND ONE HELICOPTER CARRIER. THE FORCE WOULD ALSO INCLUDE ONE GUIDED MISSILE-EQUIPPED DESTROYER AND ONE REGULAR DESTROYER.

JAPAN IS INTERESTED IN NEGOTIATING WITH THE UNITED STATES FOR TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE IN BUILDING THE CARRIERS AND IN ARRANGING THEIR PRODUCTION ON A COST-SHARING BASIS, A DEFENSE SPOKESMAN ADDED.

DEFENSE PLANNERS ALSO HOPE TO BUILD UP TO 20 SUBMARINES. JPAN NOW HAS TWO.

DEFENSE AGENCY DIRECTOR-GENERAL MUNENORI AKAGI SAID RECENTLY THAT THE ACQUISITION OF GUIDED MISSILES FOR THE AIR FORCE WOULD NECESSITATE CUTTING THE PLANNED NUMBER OF COMBAT PLANES.

ORIGINAL PLANS WERE FOR A 1,300-PLANE AIR FORCE. UNDER THE NEW PLAN, THIS HAS BEEN CUT TO 1,000 PLANES--HALF OF THEM SUPERSONIC FIGHTERS.

THE GROUND FORCE TARGET IS 180,000 MEN, ROUGHLY 10,000 MORE THAN AT PRESENT.

AKAGI HAS SAID JAPAN'S MILITARY BUDGET BY 1965 IS EXPECTED TO HIT AROUND 800 MILLION DOLLARS. THIS REPRESENTS A LITTLE OVER 2 PER CENT OF THE PREDICTED TOTAL NATIONAL INCOME FOR THAT YEAR AND ALMOST DOUBLE THE CURRENT MILITARY BUDGET.

THE DEFENSE AGENCY SPOKESMAN EMPHASIZED THAT DESPITE JAPAN'S DEFENSE BUILDUP, IT WILL STILL HAVE TO RELY ON U.S. MILITARY HELP IN THE EVENT OF AN ATTACK. THIS IS PROVIDED UNDER THE U.S.-JAPAN SECURITY TREATY.

END ADVANCE FOR THURSDAY AMS OCT. 22--MOVED OCT. 20

DB143AED

B9WX Q

(300) MOVIES

WASHINGTON, OCT. 21 (AP)-SIMULTANEOUS GRAND PREMIERS IN WASHINGTON AND MOSCOW WILL BE HELD NOV. 10 FOR THE FIRST SHOWING OF AMERICAN AND RUSSIAN FILMS EXCHANGED UNDER THE U.S.-SOVIET CULTURAL AGREEMENT.

ANNOUNCING THIS TODAY, THE STATE DEPARTMENT SAID THE U. S. FILM, MARTY, WILL BE THE FIRST OF 10 AMERICAN EXCHANGE MOVIES TO GO ON RUSSIAN SCREENS.

FILM STARS GARY COOPER AND EDWARD G. ROBINSON WILL BE IN THE GALAXY OF PROMINENT PERSONALITIES GOING TO MOSCOW FOR THE PREMIER.

THE SOVIET FILM, THE CRANES ARE FLYING, WILL BE FEATURED AT THE WASHINGTON PREMIER. U. S. COMPANIES ALSO HAVE PURCHASED SIX OTHER RUSSIAN MOVIES FOR SHOWING IN THE UNITED STATES UNDER THE U. S.-SOVIET EXCHANGE AGREEMENT SIGNED JAN. 27, 1958.

THE STATE DEPARTMENT DID NOT SAY WHAT RUSSIANS WOULD ATTEND THE WASHINGTON PREMIER BUT SAID THEY WOULD INCLUDE SOVIET MOTION PICTURE PERSONALITIES.

SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN A. HERTER PRAISED THE U. S. MOTION PICTURE INDUSTRY FOR SUPPORTING THE TWO-WAY EXCHANGE WHICH HE CALLED AN EFFORT "TO IMPROVE THE CLIMATE OF UNDERSTANDING BETWEEN THE PEOPLES OF THE SOVIET UNION AND THE UNITED STATES."

U. S. OFFICIALS HOPE THIS FIRST SHIPMENT OF MODERN AMERICAN FILMS TO THE SOVIET UNION IN 15 YEARS WILL HELP FOSTER MORE INDEPENDENT THINKING AND GREATER UNDERSTANDING OF AMERICA AMONG THE RUSSIAN PEOPLE GENERALLY.

THE U. S. AND SOVIET OFFICIALS ARE CURRENTLY NEGOTIATING FOR A FURTHER EXCHANGE AGREEMENT TO TAKE EFFECT DURING THE NEXT TWO-YEAR PERIOD.

THE AMERICAN MOVIES TO BE SHOWN IN RUSSIA IN ADDITION TO MARTY ARE:

THE GREAT CARUSO, LILI, ROMAN HOLIDAY, OLD MAN AND THE SEA, RHAPSODY, MAN OF THE THOUSAND FACES, THE SEVEN VOYAGES OF SINBAD, OKLAHOMA AND ONE OTHER TO BE SELECTED.

THE RUSSIAN FILMS, IN ADDITION TO THE CRANES ARE FLYING ARE:

QUIET FLOWS THE DAWN, SWAN LAKE, CIRCUS STARS, THE IDIOT, OTHELLO AND DON QUIXOTE.

MARTY IS A UNITED ARTIST'S FILM. THE PRODUCER, HAROLD HECHT, AND THE FILM'S DIRECTOR, DELBERT MANN, WILL GO TO MOSCOW FOR THE PREMIER AS WILL OTHER LEADING OFFICIALS OF UNITED ARTISTS. THE HOLLYWOOD PERSONALITIES ARE SLATED TO ARRIVE IN MOSCOW NOV. 9 AND REMAIN APPROXIMATELY A WEEK.

LT&WE306PED

(Q)

NIGHT LEAD (280)

BY VERN HAUGLAND

TYNDALL AIR FORCE BASE, FLA., OCT. 21 (AP)-THE LOCKHEED F104S OF THE 538TH FIGHTER-INTERCEPTOR SQUADRON, LARSON AFB, WASH., WON THEIR CATEGORY OF THE AIR FORCE WORLDWIDE WEAPONS MEET TODAY WHEN AN AIR NATIONAL GUARD F100 TEAM FROM TUCSON, ARIZ., MISSED A CHANCE TO WIN OR TIE.

THE WINNING TALLY OF THE 538TH WAS ACCOMPLISHED BY COL. LEON W. GRAY, TEAM CAPTAIN FROM CASA GRANDE, ARIZ., AND 1ST LT. EUSTACE M. BUNN OF METTER, GA.

FIRING SIDEWINDERS, THEY SCORED 400 POINTS EACH TO RAISE THEIR TEAM TOTAL TO 4.500 POINTS.

THE F100S FROM TUCSON HAD A CHANCE TO WIN BY 100 POINTS HAD THEY ACCOMPLISHED PERFECT SCORES ON THEIR REMAINING FLIGHTS. THEY APPEARED TO BE ON THE WAY TO DOING THIS WHEN MAJ. JOHN T. GUICE AND CAPT. MELVIN SISK, BOTH OF TUCSON, TURNED IN PERFECT 500 SCORES IN A MORNING SESSION. IN THAT RUN SISK SHOT DOWN HIS JET DRONE TARGET.

IN A MAKEUP RUN LATER, HOWEVER, SISK SCORED ONLY 300 POINTS OUT OF A POSSIBLE 500 TO LOSE THE CHANCE FOR A POSSIBLE VICTORY.

TOMORROW GUICE WILL MAKE A FINAL MISSION TO COMPLETE THE FIRING IN THIS CATEGORY.

IN CATEGORY ONE, F89S FIRING GENIE ROCKETS, THE 319TH SQUADRON OF BUNKER HILL AFB, IND., SCORED A NEAR PERFECT 900 POINTS IN ITS FINAL MISSION FOR AN OVERALL TOTAL OF 4,900.

THE 29TH SQUADRON, MAMLMSTROM ARB, GREAT FALLS, MONT., SCORED ONLY 600 POINTS IN THE SAME MISSION. THIS ASSURED THE INDIANA SQUADRON OF AT LEAST A TIE FOR FIRST PLACE.

ON ITS FINAL MISSION TOMORROW, THE 29TH MUST SCORE A PERFECT 1,000 POINTS TO TIE THE INDIAN SQUADRON. THE 437TH SQUADRON, OXNARD AFB, CALIF., WAS OUT OF THE RUNNING WITH 3,000 POINTS ALTHOUGH IT STILL HAD ONE MISSION TO FLY.

IN THE CATEGORY OF F102S FIRING FALCONS, THE 525TH SQUADRON OF BITBURG AIR VASE, GERMANY, ALL BUT CINCHED FIRST PLACE WITH A 5 1/2-MISSION TOTAL OF 4,500 POINTS.

THE REMAINING HALF MISSION, TO BE FLOWN TOMORROW, COULD ADD AS MUCH AS 500 POINTS.

THE 460TH SQUADRON, PORTLAND, ORE., WAS IN SECOND PLACE WITH 3,800 POINTS IN FIVE MISSIONS.

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A106WX (ATOMS)

RUSS ATOMIC (470

BY FRANK CAREY

WASHINGTON, OCT. 21 (AP)-ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION SCIENTISTS, BACK FROM A TRIP TO RUSSIA, SAID TODAY THEY SAW NOTHING IN THE SOVIETS' PEACETIME ATOM PROGRAM TO WARRANT ANY CHANGES IN AMERICA'S EFFORT.

"I BELIEVE," SAID DR. JOHN H. WILLIAMS, SCIENTIST MEMBER OF THE AEC, "THAT WE ARE ON THE RIGHT TRACK AND ON A BROAD FRONT."

WILLIAMS SAID THE AMERICAN PARTY OF SIX, HEADED BY AEC CHAIRMAN JOHN MCCONE, WAS "QUITE IMPRESSED WITH THE LEVEL" OF RUSSIA'S EFFORT. BUT, HE SAID, THE GROUP SAW NO EVIDENCE OF THE SOVIETS BEING AHEAD OF THIS COUNTRY IN ANY PEACETIME ATOMIC FIELD, INCLUDING EFFORTS TO DEVELOP ECONOMIC INDUSTRIAL POWER.

IN FACT, HE SAID AT A NEWS CONFERENCE, THE UNITED STATES DEFINITELY LEADS IN THE FIELD OF HIGH-ENERGY ATOM-SMASHING MACHINES, BOTH IN THE NUMBER AND QUALITY OF MACHINES.

ATOM-SMASHING MACHINES ARE DEVICES USED TO EXPLORE THE FORCES LOCKED IN THE ATOMIC NUCLEUS. RESEARCH WITH THEM IS CONSIDERED A KEY ROLE IN THE EFFORT TO DEVELOP ATOMIC ENERGY STILL FURTHER FOR BOTH MILITARY AND CIVILIAN USES.

WILLIAMS SAID IT'S TRUE THAT THE RUSSIANS PRESENTLY HAVE ONE ATOM-SMASHER THAT IS MORE POWERFUL THAN ANY IN THIS COUNTRY--ONE THAT DEVELOPS 10 BILLION ELECTRON VOLTS COMPARED TO AMERICCA'S PRESENT TOP OF 6 BILLION.

NEVERTHELESS, HE SAID, THE RUSSIAN MACHINE PRODUCES A CURRENT OF LOWER MAGNITUDE THAN THE AMERICAN DEVICE, WITH THE RESULT THAT IT TAKES 10 TIMES AS LONG TO DO A GIVEN EXPERIMENT WITH THE SOVIET MACHINE.

ALSO AT THE NEWS CONFERENCE WERE TWO OTHER MEMBERS OF THE U.S. PARTY--DR. FRANK K. PITTMAN, DIRECTOR OF AEC'S REACTOR DEVELOPMENT DIVISION, AND DR. ALVIN WEINBERG, DIRECTOR OF THE COMMISSION'S OAK RIDGE, TENN., NATIONAL LABORATORY.

THE WHOLE GROUP WENT TO RUSSIA UNDER AN AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE TWO COUNTRIES TO EXCHANGE HIGH-LEVEL SCIENTIFIC MISSIONS IN THE PEACEFUL

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ATOMIC FIELD AS A POSSIBLE FIRST STEP TOWARDS INCREASED EXCHANGES OF NON-MILITARY INFORMATION. A RUSSIAN PARTY WILL BEGIN A RECIPROCAL TOUR IN THIS COUNTRY EARLY IN NOVEMBER.

AT THE CONCLUSION OF THE RUSSIAN VISIT, DR. WILLIAMS SAID, MCCONE AND HIS RUSSIAN COUNTERPART, PROF. V.S. EMELYANOV "WILL DISCUSS FURTHER POSSIBLE WAYS OF EXCHANGING INFORMATION AND COLLABORATIVE MECHANISMS WHICH COULD BE UNDER THE SPONSORSHIP OF THE INTERNATIONAL ATOMIC ENERGY AGENCY."

WILLIAMS SAID THE AMERICANS WERE GIVEN NNO INFORMATION ON THE QUALITY OR QUANTITY OF RUSSIA'S URANIUM RESOURCES.

HE SAID THEY WERE SHOWN NOTHING RELATING TO THE BASIC CHEMISTRY AND METALLURGY OF NUCLEAR FUELS BUT HE SAID IT WAS POSSIBLE THIS WAS UNINTENTIONALLY OMITTED.

PITTMAN SAID THE RUSSIANS HAVE DEVELOPED A POWER RESEARCH REACTOR USING PLUTONIUM OXIDE AS A FUEL--SOMETHING THE AMERICANS ARE STILL WORKING ON AND EXPECT ALSO TO DEVELOP. BUT HE SAID RUSSIA'S DEVELOPMENT OF IT DID NOT CONSTITUTE A GREAT BREAKTHROUGH IN THE POWER FIELD.

WILLIAMS SAID THE RUSSIANS HAVE RESTRICTED THEIR CIVILIAN POWER PROGRAM TO A MORE LIMITED NUMBER OF DEVICES THAN THE UNITED STATES.

AND HE INDICATED THAT IN GENERAL, THE RUSSIANS HAVE CHOSEN TO DO RESEARCH IN THIS FIELD AT A RELATIVELY MODERATE PACE FROM NOW ON, UNTIL THE ECONOMICS BECOME CLEARER.

REFERRING TO A THREE HOUR RIDE ABOARD THE ATOMIC ICE-BREAKER LENIN, WILLIAMS SAID "IT MADE A VERY GOOD PROGRESS THROUGH THE SEA AND MR. MCCONE, WHO IS A FORMER SHIP-BUILDER HIMSELF, WAS MUCH IMPRESSED WITH THE BEHAVIOR OF THE SHIP."

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A151KX

(340) NIGHT LEAD

LOS ANGELES, OCT. 21 (AP)-WHY WOULD A WOMAN WITH A HOME AND HUSBAND UNDERTAKE THE TRICKY AND TRYING JOB OF MASQUERADING AS A COMMUNIST FOR THE FBI?

MRS. MARION MILLER OF WEST LOS ANGELES TOLD A HOUSE UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES SUBCOMMITTEE TODAY THAT SHE DID IT FOR FIVE YEARS, STARTING IN 1950. HERE WAS ONE OF THE REASONS SHE GAVE:

"MEN WERE FIGHTING IN KOREA AT THE TIME, GIVING THEIR LIVES. HOW COULD I REFUSE TO ATTEND A MEETING? WE HAD COMMUNISM IN OUR OWN BACK YARD."

MRS. MILLER, 39, WAS THE SECOND LOS ANGELES HOUSEWIFE TO TELL OF PLAYING SUCH A ROLE. YESTERDAY THE SUBCOMMITTEE HEARD FROM MRS. MOISELLE CLINGER, WHO SAID SHE WAS A COMMUNIST FOR THE FBI 15 YEARS.

MRS. MILLER, WHO SAID SHE LEFT THE PARTY IN 1955, TOLD THE SUBCOMMITTEE ONE OBJECTIVE OF COMMUNISTS IN SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA WAS TO INFILTRATE RESPECTED ORGANIZATIONS.

SHE SAID A COMMUNIST SHE NAMED AS PHYLLIS LEBOW BECAME A HIGH-RANKING OFFICER OF THE NATIONAL COUNCIL OF JEWISH WOMEN. SHE TESTIFIED THAT MORRIS GOODMAN, WHO SHE SAID RECRUITED HER INTO THE PARTY, BECAME AN OFFICER IN ANOTHER JEWISH ORGANIZATION.

MRS. LEBOW, 37, ALSO A HOUSEWIFE, FOLLOWED MRS. MILLER TO THE STAND BUT REFUSED UNDER THE FIRST AND FIFTH AMENDMENTS TO SAY WHETHER SHE WAS A COMMUNIST OR A MEMBER OF THE NATIONAL COUNCIL OF JEWISH WOMEN.

MRS. MILLER SAID SHE WAS INTRODUCED TO COMMUNISM IN LOS ANGELES IN 1950 WHEN SHE WAS APPROACHED BY THE COMMITTEE FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE FOREIGN-BORN. SHE TESTIFIED SHE SHOWED SOME OF THE COMMITTEE'S LITERATURE TO HER HUSBAND PAUL, WHO HAD WORKED AS A GOVERNMENT UNDERCOVER AGENT, AND HE LABELED IT COMMUNIST PROPAGANDA.

"HE CALLED THE FBI," SHE SAID. "AN AGENT OF THE BUREAU ENLISTED MY AID IN ATTENDING THE ORGANIZATIONAL CONFERENCE OF THE COMMITTEE."

SHE ATTENDED THAT CONFERENCE, SHE SAID, AND GOODMAN LATER ASKED HER IF SHE HAD EVER CONSIDERED BECOMING A COMMUNIST.

"I KNEW THIS WAS THE MOMENT," SHE SAID. "I PLAYED ALONG. HE THOUGHT I WOULD BE A GOOD NOBLE COMMUNIST.

"PAUL AND I WERE ACCEPTED AS DUES-PAYING, MEETING-GOING COMMUNISTS."

MRS. MILLER SAID SHE WAS PLACED IN A COMMUNIST CLUB AND TUTORED PRIVATELY IN COMMUNIST DOCTRINE BY AN INSURANCE MAN NAMED JOSEPH FRIEDMAN.

"THE PROGRAM WAS TO REACH INTO MASS ORGANIZATIONS," SHE SAID. "I AM NOT NEARLY AS FEARFUL OF A MAN OR WOMAN WHO GETS ON A SOAPBOX AND SAYS: 'I'M A COMMUNIST.'"

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1959

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(180)

CAPE CANAVERAL, FLA., OCT. 21 (AP)-THE ARMY, WITH AN ASSIST FROM THE AIR FORCE, LAUNCHED ITS INTERMEDIATE RANGE JUPITER MISSILE ON A 1,500-MILE TEST FLIGHT TONIGHT.

THE LAUNCHING APPEARED SMOOTH AS THE 60-FOOT WAR ROCKET LURCHED FROM ITS PAD AND SPED DOWN THE ATLANTIC MISSILE RANGE THROUGH A HEAVY OVERCAST.

MEMBERS OF THE STRATEGIC AIR COMMAND 864TH TECHNICAL TRAINING SQUADRON HELPED WITH THE FIRING. SOME OF THEM MAY BE AMONG THE AIR FORCE PERSONNEL WHO WILL MAN JUPITER LAUNCHING SITES IN ITALY LATE THIS YEAR. THEY WILL JOIN WITH ITALIAN TROOPS AS PART OF THE NATO DEFENSE FORCE.

LAST WEEK, THE POWERFUL ITALIAN COMMUNIST PARTY BEGAN A CAMPAIGN AGAINST THE STATIONING OF AMERICAN MISSILES IN THAT COUNTRY. THE CAMPAIGN WAS STARTED WHEN A MILAN NEWSPAPER REPORTED THAT THE UNITED STATES WILL DELIVER 15 JUPITER MISSILES TO ITALY IN DECEMBER. THE ITALIAN GOVERNMENT HAS AGREED TO ACCEPT AMERICAN MISSILES.

THE JUPITER WAS DECLARED COMBAT READY LAST MAY. A MODIFIED JUPITER SERVED AS THE BOOSTER FOR THE JUNO II ROCKET THAT PLACED THE EXPLORER VII "GYROSCOPE" SATELLITE IN ORBIT LAST WEEK.

TEN OF THE 11 JUPITER IRBMS FIRED THIS YEAR HAVE BEEN CONSIDERED SUCCESSFUL.

RY1041PES NM

A125 (110)

NEW YORK, OCT. 21 (AP)-WILLIAM Z. FOSTER, FORMER HEAD OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY IN THIS COUNTRY, TODAY WAS REFUSED PERMISSION TO GO TO RUSSIA AND CZECHOSLOVAKIA FOR MEDICAL TREATMENT.

HE CLAIMED HE COULDN'T AFFORD IT HERE, BUT HAD LEARNED HE COULD GET THE TREATMENT IN THE COMMUNIST AREAS AT MORE MODERATE COST.

HOWEVER, FEDERAL DIST. JUDGE DAVID N. EDELSTEIN DENIED THE APPLICATION, SAYING FOSTER'S PLEA FOR TRAVEL RIGHTS DO "NOT OUTWEIGH THE GOVERNMENT'S INTEREST IN HIS CONTINUED PRESENCE" IN THIS JURISDICTION.

FOSTER, 78, OF THE BRONX, WAS INDICTED WITH OTHER COMMUNIST LEADERS IN 1948 FOR CONSPIRACY TO OVERTHROW THE GOVERNMENT, BUT HIS CASE WAS POSTPONED BECAUSE OF A HEART CONDITION. NEVER TRIED, HE STILL IS FREE IN $5,000 BAIL.

JR1005PED

S50

BERLIN, OCT. 21 (AP)-A ROMAN CATHOLIC PROFESSOR OF CHURCH LAW FROM WEST GERMANY HAS ASKED THE COMMUNIST EAST GERMAN GOVERNMENT FOR TEMPORARY ASYLUM, THE EAST GERMAN NEWS AGENCY ADN SAID TODAY.

ARTHUR WEGNER OF THE UNIVERSITY OFMUENSTER HAS BEEN CRITICIZED FOR HIS ALLEGED SYMPATHIES WITH THE EAST. LAST AUGUST, HE SPENT A VACATION IN EAST GERMANY.

AUTHORITIES OF THE WEST GERMAN STATE OF RHINE-WESTPHALIA HAD BEGUN AN INVESTIGATION.

ADN QUOTED WEGNER AS TELLING A NEWS CONFERENCE HE HAD GONE TO EAST GERMANY BECAUSE HE WAS UNABLE TO EXERCISE HIS RIGHTS IN WEST GERMANY. HE COMPARED ACTIONS TAKEN AGAINST HIM IN WEST GERMANY TO THOSE OF BEATERS CLOSING IN ON A HUNTED ANIMAL.

THE PERSONAL THREAT TO HIM WAS INCREASING, HE SAID.

1959

A104AX

NIGHT LEAD (290)

BY VERN HAUGLAND

PANAMA CITY, FLA., OCT. 21 (AP)-THE AIR FORCE EXPRESSED REGRET TODAY AT THE DISPLEASURE OF TWO VERMONT MAYORS OVER THE WORLDWIDE WEAPONS MEET AT WHICH THEY WERE INVITED GUESTS.

AT THE SAME TIME, AIR FORCE LEADERS INSISTED THAT THEIR DISGRUNTLED COMMENTS WERE UNJUSTIFIED.

MAJ. GEN. SAM AGEE, COMMANDER OF THE 26TH AIR DIVISION, SYRACUSE, N.Y.--THE AREA WHICH INCLUDES VERMONT--TOLD A REPORTER:

"IT IS REGRETTABLE THAT THE MAYORS DID NOT AVAIL THEMSELVES OF THE OPPORTUNITY GIVEN THEM HERE TO OBSERVE THE TESTS OF THE QUALITIES OF THE NATION'S AIR DEFENSE TEAM.

"THE LLEGATIONS THEY MADE WERE NOT FOUNDED ON FACT."

COL. BROUN MAYALL (CQ), INFORMATION CHIEF FOR THE AIR DEFENSE COMMAND AT COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO., SAID THE VIEWPOINT OF THE MAYORS WAS NOT REPRESENTATIVE OF THAT OF OTHER MAYORS AND VARIOUS CIVIC AND BUSINESS LEADERS WHO HAVE BEEN AIR FORCE GUETS DURING THE MEET.

"EVERYONE ELSE HAS BEEN COMPLIMENTARY AND THE IMPRESSION WE GET IS THAT THEY FOUND THE MEET VERY MUCH WORTHWHILE," MAYALL SAID.

MAYORS JAMES E. FITZPATRICK OF BURLINGTON AND DAN J. HEALY OF RUTLAND FLEW HERE FROM STEWART AIR FORCE BASE, NEWBURG, N.Y., MONDAY ON AN AIR FORCE PLANE.

TUESDAY, THE MAYORS TELEPHONED THE BURLINGTON FREE PRESS AND SAID THEY WERE OUTRAGED BY WHAT THEY HAD SEEN AND NOT SEEN HERE.

HEALY CALLED THE MISSILE FIRING DEMONSTRATION "A DAMN OUTRAGE BEING PERPETRATED ON THE TAXPAYERS." FITZPATRICK ADDED THAT "THIS ENTIRE THING IS A FRAUD." THEY LEFT LAST NIGHT BY COMMERCIAL PLANE.

TYPICAL OF THE APPLAUSE WHICH THE WEAPONS MEET AND ITS OPERATION HAS BEEN RECEIVING FROM THE AIR FORCE GUESTS WAS THE COMMENT OF WILLIAM J. HUNT, PUBLISHER OF THE VALLEY NEWS, GARDENA, CALIF., AT A ROTARY CLUB LUNCHEON TUESDAY.

IN A BRIEF IMPROMPTU TALK, HUNT SAID THE COMPETITION HERE WAS A GREAT DEMONSTRATION TO THE TAXPAYERS THAT THEIR MONEY IS BEING SPENT WISELY FOR DEFENSE, AND THAT "THE NATION IS READY--NOW--FOR ANY THREAT AGAINST US."

SF758PES NM

E mD Oct. 21, 1959